

PIT6I101 COMPUTER NETWORK AND DATA COMMUNICATION

Module - I (12 Hrs)

Overview of Data Communication Networks, Protocols and standards, OSI Reference model, TCP/IP Protocol.

Physical Layer: Analog Signals, Digital Signals, Data Rate Limits, Transmission Impairment, Data rate limit, Digital Transmission: Digital-to-Digital conversion, Analog-to-Digital conversion, Transmission modes, Analog Transmission: Digital-to-Analog conversion, Analog-to-Analog conversion, Multiplexing: Frequency Division Multiplexing (FDM), Wave Division Multiplexing (WDM), Time Division Multiplexing (TDM), Transmission Media: Guided Media (Twisted-Pair Cable, Coaxial Cable and Fiber-Optic Cable) and unguided media (wireless), Switching: Circuit Switched Network, Datagram Network, Virtual-Circuit Network, Telephone Network, Dial-up Modems and Digital Subscriber Lines.

Module - II (10 Hrs)

Error Detection and correction: Types of Errors, Error Detection mechanism (Linear codes, CRC, Checksum), Error Correction mechanism: Hamming Encoding.

Data Link Control and Protocols: Flow and Error Control, Stop-and-Wait ARQ, Go-Back-N ARQ, Selective Repeat ARQ, HDLC and Point-to-Point Protocol

Multiple Access: Random Access (ALOHA, CSMA, CSMA/CD, CSMA/CA), Controlled Access (Polling, Reservation, Token Passing), Channelization (FDMA, TDMA, CDMA).

Wired LANs (Ethernet): Traditional Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet.

Module - III (10 Hrs)

Wireless LANs: IEEE 802.11 and Bluetooth.

Connecting Devices: Passive Hub, Repeater, Active Hub, Bridge, Two layers Switch, Router, Three layers Switch, Gateway.

Virtual Circuit Networks: Frame Relay, Architecture & layers, ATM: Design goals, Architecture & layers.

Network Layer: IPV4 addresses, IPV6 addresses, Internet Protocol: Internetworking, IPV4 datagram, IPV6 packet format and advantages. Network Layer Protocols: ARP, RARP, IGMP and ICMP. Routing: Unicast Routing Protocols and Multicast Routing Protocols.

Transport Layer: Process to Process Delivery, User Datagram Protocol (UDP) and Transmission Control Protocol (TCP).

Module - IV (08Hrs)

Domain Name System (DNS): Name Space, Domain Name Space, DNS in Internet, Resolution and Dynamic Domain Name System (DDNS), Remote logging, Electronic Mail (SMTP) and file transfer (FTP), WWW: Architecture & Web document, HTTP: Transaction & Persistent vs. Nonpersistent connection.

Introduction to Wi-Fi and Li-Fi Technology.

Text Books:

1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Tata McGraw-Hill.
2. Computer Networks, A. S. Tannenbum, D. Wetherall, Prentice Hall, Imprint of Pearson.

Reference Book:

1. Network for Computer Scientists & Engineers, Zheng, Oxford University Press.
2. Computer Networks A system Approach, Larry L, Peterson and Bruce S. Davie, Elsevier.
3. Computer Networks, Natalia Olifer, Victor Olifer, Willey India.
4. Data and Computer Communications, William Stallings, Prentice Hall, Imprint of Pearson.

COMPUTER NETWORK LAB

1. Study of LAN Topology and various Network devices

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2. IP address configuration and LAN setup
 3. Build class A, B and C Network using router in Network tool
 4. Implement Sub-netting concept using Network tool
 5. Write a program to find out class of a given IP address, sub-netmask, first & last IP address of that subnet
 6. Installation & Configuration of NS2 in Linux environment
 7. Basic wired & wireless topology in NS2
 8. Congestion Control: Stop & Wait, Sliding Window & Selective Repeat, Go Back N and Throughput analysis
 9. IP Addressing, Static and Dynamic Routing
 10. Write a program to build client-server model on different computers
 11. Socket Programming, Network Management/ Monitoring Tools
 12. DHCP, DNS, FTP Server configuration