

**MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – I**  
**THEORY 3 hours/ week**

**UNIT -I**

Basic Principles of Medical Chemistry: Physico-chemical aspects (Optical, geometric and bioisosterism) of drug molecules and biological action Brief concept on QSAR: Hansch analysis – its derivation and discussion on different parameters like electronic parameters, steric factor, and partition coefficient. Free Wilson model. Virtual drug screening techniques and its applications. 3-D QSAR Analysis: Receptor independent 3-D QSAR Analysis, Receptor dependent 3-D QSAR Analysis

**UNIT -II**

Classification, mode of action, uses and structure activity relationship of the following classes of drugs. Synthesis of those compounds only exemplified against each class.

A. Drugs acting on autonomic nervous system:

Cholinergics and Anticholinesterase: Acetylcholine, Carbachol, Bethanechol, methacholine and Neostigmine. Adrenergic drugs and adrenergic blocking agents: Adrenaline, Salbutamol, Naphazoline, Propranolol, Atenolol Antispasmodic and anti ulcer drugs: Homatropine, Cyclopentolate, Diclofenac, Tropicamide. Neuromuscular blocking agents: Gallamine, succinylcholine

**UNIT -III**

B. Autacoids :

Antihistamines: Diphenhydramine, Mepyramine, Chlorpheniramine, Promethazine, Chlorcyclizine, Ranitidine. Eicosanoids : Occurrences, Chemical nature, Medicinal applications Analgesic – antipyretics, anti-inflammatory (non-steroidal) agents: Aspirin, Paracetamol, Ibuprofen, Naproxan, Diclofenac sodium.

**UNIT -IV**

Diuretics: Acetazolamide, Chlorthiazide, Furosemide, Cardiovascular drugs: Clonidine, Methyldopa, Procainamide, Nifedipine, Prazocin, clofibrate.

**UNIT -V**

Anti-TB and anti-leprosy Drugs: Isoniazid, Ethambutol, Pirazinamide, Dapsone, Antiamoebic agents: Metronidazole, Diloxanide furoate Anthelmintics : Thiabendazole, Mebendazole, Niclosamide Diagnostic Agents: Propyl iodone, Sodium diatrizoate, Fluorescein sodium.